AIMS Operating Corp., Inc, Warranty Instructions:

This product is designed using the most modern digital technology and under very strict quality control and testing guide lines. If however you feel this product is not performing as it should, please contact us:

techsupport@aimscorp.net or (775)762-5400

We will do our best to resolve your concerns. If the product needs repair or replacement, make sure to keep your receipt/invoice, as that will need to be sent back along with the package prepaid to AIMS. You have a full I year from date of purchase warranty.

This warranty is valid world wide with the exception that freight and duty charges incurred outside the contiguous 48 United States will be prepaid by customer.

Except as provided above, AIMS makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, including without limitation the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particulat purpose. In no event shall AIMS be liable for indirect, special or consequential damages.

For additional products such as:

Modified sine wave inverters

Pure sine wave inverters

Power controllers

Automatic transfer switch controllers

Custom cut cables

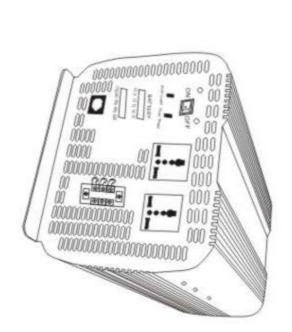
Please visit our web site: www.aimscorp.net

To find out where to buy any of our products, you may also e-mail: sales@aimscorp.net or call (775)359-6703



DC TO AC POWER INVERTER

Part# PWRI5K22050



Instruction Manual

SPECIFICATIONS		
Model No	PWRI5K22050	
Maximum Continuous Output Power	5000W	
Output Surge Capacity	10000W	
Output Wave Form	Modified Sine Wave phase corrected	
No Load Current Draw- Switch ON, Switch OFF,	<2 ADC <0.2 mADC	
Efficiency	90%	
Input Voltage Range	10-16V	
Low Voltage Alarm	DC 10.5V±0.5V	
Low Voltage Shutdown	DC 10V±0.5V	
Over Temperature protection	55°c±5°c	
Dimensions (L x W x H)	570x210x180mm or 22, 44"x8.26"x7.08"	

11KGS or 24.2LBS

SPECIFICATIONS

AC Output voltage : 220V

Weight

AC Output voltage : 220V

AC Output receptacles :

Output frequency : 50Hz

in upper red zone. voltage indicator No output voltage High input voltage 12V battery. is connected to Make sure that AC power systems available. AIMS Power inverter series are the most advanced line of mobile Introduction

battery condition. Poor DC wiring, poor connections. Use Use proper cable and make Solid

charging system. Check regulation of

and used properly, please read the instructions in this manual To get the most out of the power inverter, it must be installed

and tools such as drills, sanders, grinders, mixers and blenders. most televisions and VTR's, personal computers, small appliances remote homes, RVs, sail boats and power boats. It will operate This model is used in a wide range of applications including

Name and main function	before installing and using this model
ס	before installing and using this model.

Thermal shutdown

Allow inverte

tilation, a.ON/OFF SWITCH	er to Name and main function ucc I. Front view PERATURE INDICATOR UITED.	0
00000000	ction RE INDICATOR OUTLET	

cool off.Red d.BAR GRAPH METERS LREMOTE PORT a.ON/OFF switch: Leave in the OFF position during installation. g.AC TERMINAL BLOCK

b.Over Temperature indicator:

improper polarity For short circuit or Check AC wiring temperature. are not obstructed, openings in inverter make sure ve improve veni operation req active and neutra Lights when inverter protects itself against overheating. Inverter

Very high power load Romove load

Over Load indicator No output voltage,

Short circuit or Wiring error:

5000W:500A(12V) on, load less than: Over Heat indicator No output voltage, 5000W:500A(12V) on, load in excess Over Heat indicator No output voltage, below 11V voltage indicator on all the time, Low battery alarm

Thermal shutdown

Maintenance

the same time, tighten the screws on the DC input terminals with a damp cloth to prevent accumulation of dust and dirt. At properly. You should clean the exterior of the unit periodically Very little maintenance is required to keep your inverter operating c. Overload indicator: turn off and inverter will restart when overload is removed Lights when inverter shuts down because of overload. Indicator will and indicator will turn off when the inverter cools shuts down while indicator is on. Inverter will restart automatically

d.Bar graph meters: meter will result in protective shutdown of inverter. Operation with battery voltage or current in the red zone of a for several minutes when the current is in the yellow zone. green zone for continuous operation. The inverter will operate Display battery voltage and current. Current should be in the

2. Troubleshooting guide

 Keep the cables between the battery and the power inverte 5 twists per foot. This minimizes radiated interference from as short as possible and twist them togerter with about 2 to

Problem and Symptoms Possible Cause

f.Remote port e.AC outlets

Used with remote switch to turn inverter ON/OFF

Maximum recommended output per outlet is 3000W

ar view
a. Ventilation window

	ear view	ard wire blo
		ck providing i
9110	a.Ventilation window	inverter's Full power.

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dow: ct, allow at least I inch for air flow.	1
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ь	a.\
b.Battery terminals: Connect to 12V battery or other 12V power source."+"is positive."-"	a. Ventilation window: Do not obstruct, allow at least I inch for air flow.

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Internal fuse open

inverter

and voltage in lower red	No output	
tage indicator er red zone	put voltage	

d zone.	current indicator	output voltage
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220V:190-210V AC Low output voltage

Using average reading

voltmeter

reading meter

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Reduce load Point 8 of manual See page 4 Use true RMS



- Low input voltage
- tage indication No power to inverter Inverter switched off

c.Ch 6.0

Warning! Operation of the inverter without a proper ground connection may result in an electrical safety hazard

c.Chassis ground lug: Connect to earth ground or to vehicle chassis

using #8 AWG wire

damage inverter permanently.

is negative, Reverse polarity connection will blow internal fuse and may

Reverse DC polarity

POLARITY OBSERVE CORRECT service technician Have qualified Check wiring to Turn inverter on and cables check connections Recharge battery.

check and replace fuse

still be damaged if the input voltage is allowed to exceed 20V The voltage indicator will be in the upper red zone. Although the power inverter incorporates protection against overvoltage, it may 17V. This protects the inverter against excessive input voltage. The power inverter will also shut down if the input voltage exceed tollow these guidelines: its performance before going ahead with your installation, please If you would like to quickly hook-up the power inverter and check Quick nook-up and testing Unpack and inspect the power inverter, check to see that the

does not adequately filter the modified sine wave produced by power inverter. This is because the power supply in the device buzzing noise from their loudspeakers when operated from the

Some inexpensive stereo systems and "boom boxes" will emit a

 Common problems Troubleshooting a. Buzz in audio systems

Connect Earth per section 3. Grounding on Page 5.

black terminal is negative(-).

Connect the cables to the power input terminals on the rear

panel of power inverter. The red terminal is positive(+) and

power switch is in the OFF position

that incorporates a higher quality power supply. the power inverter. The only solution is to use a sound system

Connect the cable from the negative terminal of the inverter

connection.

to the negative terminal of the power source. Make a secure

b. Television interference:

reception on some channels. If this situation occurs, the

Caution!Loosely tightened connectors rsesult in excessive voltage

Operation of the power inverter can interfere with television drop and may cause overheated wires and melted insulation

following steps may help to alleviate the problem Caution! Reverse polarity connection will blow a fuse in to the negative output terminal of the power source

 Do not operate high power loads with the power inverter power inverter is solidly connected to the ground system of -Make sure that the chassis ground lug on the back of the 4.Before proceeding further, carefully check that the cable you have inverter and may permanently damage the inverter. Damage just connected connects from the negative terminal of inverter

warranty. caused by reverse polarity connection is not covered by our

while watching television your vehicle, boat or home

Make sure that the antenna feeding your television provides

an adequate ("snow free") signal and that you are using good quality cable between the antenna and the television. Connect the cable from the positive terminal of inverter to the

positive terminal of the power source. Make secure connection

Move the television as far away from the power inverter as

possible

Do not make this connection in the presence of flammable fumes, since current may flow to charge capacitors in the power inverter. Warning! You may observe a spark when you make this connection

6.Set the power switch to the on position. Check the meters and connections to inverter. The other indicators should be of power source. If it does not, check your power source and the should indicate 11 to 14 volts depending on the voltage of the indicators on the front panel of the inverter. The voltage bar graph

7.Set power inverter switch to the OFF position, the indicator lights This is normal. Plug the test load into the AC receptacle on the may blink and the internal alarm may sound momentarily.

and other motors operated equipment require very high surge Some induction motors used in refrigerators, freezers, pumps. 0.3 cubic foot capacity) that draw about 1700 watts sticker on the back of the oven to determine its actual power draw by the microwave oven. The microwave oven will consume 40% to

The 5000W inverter will operate small microwave ovens (0.2 to 100% more than its advertised cooking power. Check the rating (the power delivered to the food) not the power actually consumed

8.Set power inverter switch to the ON position and turn the test as FLUKE 87A, BACKMAN 4410 or TRIPLETT 4200 must be to measure the true output R.M.S. voltage of inverter, a meter such load on, the inverter should supply power to the load. If you plan front panel of the inverter. Leave the test load switch off drops below 11 volts while inverter is attempting to start the while trying to start the motor. If the battery voltage indicator If a motor refuses to start, observe the battery voltage indicator within the rating of the power inverter. some of these motor even though their rated current draw is currents to start. The power inverter may not be able to start

Installation .Where to install

The power inverter should be installed in a location that meets the

following requirements

a:Dry-Do not allow water to drip or splash onto the inverter. b.Cool-Ambient air temperature should be between 0°C and 40°C. the cooler the better

c.Ventilation-Allow at least one inch of clearance around the inverter

for air flow. Ensure the ventilation openings on the rear and bottom

d.Safety-Do not install the inverter in the same compartment as

of the unit are not obstructed

batteries or in any compartment capable of storing liammable

liquids such as gasoline.

Input voltage overdischarged. drops below 10V. This protects your battery from being red zone. The power inverter will shut down if the input voltage warning will sound and the voltage indicator will be in the lower 10V-16V. If the voltage drops below 10.7V, an audible low battery The power inverter will operate from input voltage ranging from

larger battery or larger battery bank

but the voltage still drops below 11 volts, you may need to use a charged. If the connections are good and the battery is charged, the battery connections are good and that the battery is fully motor, this may be why the motor won't start. Make sure that

3.Battery current indicator the graph, inverter may shut-down graph. If the voltage goes into the red area at top or bottom of Ideally, the voltage should remain in the green area of the bar

the battery by the power inverter, It will not indicate current by The battery current bar graph indicates the current drawn from

in the orange area. If the current rises to the red area, the inverter of the bar graph. Short term operation is possible with current For long term operation, the current should be in the green area other loads also connected to the battery.

will reduce its output voltage to protect itself.

4. Overtemp indicator itself down because it has become overheated. The power The overtemp indicator indicates that the power inverter has shut

commonly advertised for microwave ovens is the cooking power operated by the 5000W inverter, remember that the power rating. When determining whether a microwave oven can be The 5000W inverter will operate most AC loads within its power

chassis is connected to ground, the neutral conductor will also be circuit is connected to the chassis ground. Therefore, when the

conductor from the the utility line is fied to ground at the AC breaker have their neutral fied to ground in the same way that the neutral that separately derived AC sources (such as inverters and generators grounded. This conforms to national electrical code requirements The neutral (common)conductor of the power inverter AC output

1. Power output Operating limits Overlad indicator switch back to ON. to OFF, correct the fault condition, and then switch the ON/OFF circuited or drastically overloaded. Switch the ON/OFF switch shut itself down because its output circuit has been short The overload indicator indicates that the power inverter has a location which does not allow it to dissipate heat properly. levels above its rating, or because it has been installed in inverter may overheat because it has been operated at power

x sets of 1/0 Awg (2 red + 2black)

available see chart below:

2. Cables:

inverter DC input terminals direct to battery with heaviest wire low amperage/high voltage AC power. To operate properly.connect DC to AC inverters require high amperage/low voltage DC power to

or 1 x set of 4/0 Awg (1 red + 1black)

This is to connect the chassis of the power inverter to the ground. The The power inverter has a lug on the rear panel marked "chassis ground"

also connected to the ground lug

ground terminals in the AC oulets on the front panel of the inverter are

of the vehicle. In a boat, connect to the boat's grounding systems point, which will vary depending on where the power inverter is of the vehicle.In a boat, connect to the boat's grounding systems. In a fixed location, connect the chassis ground lug to earth installed. In a vehicle, connect the chassis ground to the chassis In a fixed location, connect the chassis ground lug to an earth indtalled.In a vehicle, connect the chassis ground to the chassis point, which will vary depending on where the power inverter is The chassis ground lug must be connected to a grounding

ground DC system. A positive ground DC system has the positive. to the chassis. DO not install the power inverter in a positive Caution! The Negative DC input of the power inverter is connected

terminal of the battery connected to the chassis of the vehicle or

to the grounding point

to ground. Electrical shock hazard may result Warning! Do not operate the power inverter without connecting it

4.Battery Cables installation

(a)When using 4/0 Awg cables see connection graph below: wire to the "-" terminal important to connect the "+" wire to the "+" terminal and the "-" When you connect the AC inverter to the battery terminals, it is

1. Controls and indicators

the starting currents for all the loads at once.

on. This will ensure that the power inverter does not have to deliver power inverter, turn on separately after the inverter has been turned power to your loads. If you are operating several loads from the on the front panel. The power inverter is now ready to deliver AC the inverter, please make sure they do not touch the case

When you connect the battery cords to the terminals of

To operate the power inverter, turn it on using the ON/OFF switch

screw them tightly.

WIRES PROPERLY.

INVERTER, SO BE CAREFUL TO CONNECT YOUR INPUT WILL INSTANTLY VOID THE WARRANTY OF YOUR IF YOU CONNECT THE WIRES TO THE INCORRECT

TERMINALS, YOU WILL REVERSE THE POLARITY AND

must be the same or away from each other. Please also be sure to terminals, the directions of both "+" and "-" battery cords terminals Caution! 1. To avoid any touch between the battery cords "+""-"

(b) When using 1/0 Awg cables see connection graph below:

Warning: Only connect to ac Terminal Block when inverter is turned

BLACK

off and disconnected from dc power source

Battery voltage indicator

terminals of the power inverter. At low input current, this voltage

is very close to the battery voltage. At high input current, this

voltage drop across the cable and connections voltage will be lower than the battery voltage because of the The battery voltage bar graph indicates the voltage at the input

position but with no load, the power inverter draws less than

draws no current from battery. When the switch is in the ON

When the switch is in the OFF position, the power inverter inverter on and off. It does not disconnect power from the The ON/OFF switch turns the control circuit in the power